## **Department of Mathematics**

## **Course Profile**

Course Number: MATH 231	Course Title: Statistics I
Required / Elective: Required	Pre-requisite: None
Catalog Description:	Textbook / Required Material :
Introduction to statistics; describing data,	Douglas A. Lind, William G. Marchal,
frequency distributions, graphic presentation,	Samuel A. Wathen, Basic Statistics for
numerical measures; probability concepts;	Business and Economics, McGraw-Hill, New
discrete probability distributions; normal	York, 2006 (5 <sup>th</sup> Edition)
probability distribution; sampling methods;	
estimation and confidence intervals; one-	
sample hypotheses testing.	

Course Structure / Schedule: (3+0+0) 3 / 5 ECTS

**Extended Description:** The course aims to provide basic concepts of probability and statistics for business and economics. To this end, the course covers conceptual as well as practical skills, including: Terminology and concepts of statistics, Fundamentals of descriptive statistics, Constructing a frequency distribution and portraying data graphically, Fundamentals of probability, discrete and continuous probability distributions, Fundamentals of inferential statistics, Sampling, sampling methods, and the Central Limit Theorem, One-sample tests of hypothesis.

Design content: None	Computer usage: No particular computer
	usage required.

## **Course Outcomes:**

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- recognize and articulate basic terms and concepts related to probability and statistics
   [1]
- 2. distinguish between statistical and inferential statistics [1]
- 3. distinguish between a discrete and a continuous probability distribution [1]
- 4. demonstrate how to portray data graphically using a histogram [1,2]
- 5. demonstrate how the Central Limit Theorem applies in inference [1,2,6]
- 6. prepare a frequency distribution from raw data [1,2]
- 7. interpret the meaning of a confidence interval [1,2]
- 8. interpret the results of a one sample tests of hypothesis [1,2,6]
- 9. combine probability and statistics for the purpose of making better predictions [1,2,6]
- [1] demonstrate the ability of solving problems by using techniques from calculus, linear algebra, differential equations, probability and statistics,
- [2] demonstrate knowledge of mathematics to construct, analyze and interpret mathematical models,
- [6] have a basic knowledge of the main fields of mathematics, including analysis, algebra, differential equations, differential geometry,

Recommended reading: Irwin Miller, Marylees Miller, Mathematical Statistics, Houghton Mifflin Company, 2000 (6th Edition)

Teaching methods: Lectures

Assessment methods: Homework, midterm exams, final exam

Student workload:

Preparatory reading 50 hrs
Lectures, workshop, discussions 50 hrs
Homework 20 hrs
Examinations 5 hrs

TOTAL 125 hrs to match 25x5 ECTS

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